	GFL Comparison—SB 40, New Standards, Old St	andards		
SB 40	New Standards	Old Standards		
Requirement				
	STANDARD 1: Students will understand how values, culture, and economic	STANDARD 1 Students will use a rational decision- making process to set and implement financial goals.		
	forces affect personal financial priorities and goals.			
	Objective 1.1: Analyze the role of cultural, social, and emotional influences on	Objective 1: Explain how goals, decision-making, and planning affect personal financial choices and behaviors.  a. Discuss personal values that affect financial		
	financial behavior			
	1.1.1 Evaluate the role of emotions, attitudes and behavior in making financial decisions.	choices (e.g., home ownership, work ethic, charity, civic virtue).		
	1.1.2 Recognize that individuals are responsible for their own financial decisions	b. Explain the components of a financial plan		
	and subsequent positive and negative consequences.	(e.g., goals, net worth statement, budget,		
	1.1.3 Relate instant satisfaction and delayed gratification to impulse buying and planned expenditures.	income and expense record, an insurance plan, a saving and investing plan).		
	1.1.4 Describe the influence of social pressure as related to purchasing decisions.	c. Compare short-term and long-term financial		
SB 40 line 100, line	1.1.5 Explain how scarcity of financial resources affects wants and needs.	goals.		
101, line 105		d. Design a plan to reach a specific financial goal.		
SB 40 line 101, line	1.1.6 Understand the law of supply and demand as a major economic force.	e. List advantages of designing and following a personal financial plan.		
109		personal illiancial plani.		
SB 40 line 109	1.1.7 Understand that the study of economics is a social science and personal	Objective 2: Analyze the role of cultural, social, and		
	finance is a subset of that social science.	emotional influences on financial behavior.		
	Objective 1.2.1: Define a rational decision-making process and the steps of financial planning.	<ul> <li>a. Explain how limited financial resources affect the choices people make.</li> </ul>		
SB 40 line 101, line 106	1.2.1 Define <i>opportunity cost</i> (tradeoffs) and their role in decision making.	b. Describe the influence of peer pressure as it relates to purchasing decisions (e.g., fashion,		
	1.2.2 Describe a rational decision-making process.	acceptance from others, and need for latest		
	1.2.3 Identify short- and long-term financial decisions and the impact they have	gadget). c. Explain how scarcity relates to needs and		
	on financial planning.	wants.		
SB 40 line 8	1.2.4 Define the elements of a financial plan.	d. Analyze the impact of marketing, advertising, and sales strategies/techniques on purchasing		
	Objective 1.3.1: Explain how setting goals affects personal financial planning.	decisions (e.g., impulse buying, delayed		
	1.3.1 Identify spending habits and their connection to personal values.	payment).		
	1.3.2 Identify and create short and long term financial goals.	e. Evaluate the role of emotions when making financial decisions.		
		Objective 3: Relate financial decisions to personal and societal consequences.  a. Recognize that individuals are responsible for their finances.		

		<ul> <li>b. Describe consequences of excessive debt (e.g., increased consumer costs, inflation, and family instability).</li> <li>c. Describe the social and economic consequences of bankruptcy.</li> </ul>
SB 40 line 88 SB 40 line 101 SB 40 line 108	Standard 2: Students will understand sources of income and the relationship between career preparation and lifetime earning power.  Objective 2.1: Identify sources of income and specific employability skills.  2.1.1 Identify sources of income such as wages, commissions, investments, benefits, inheritance, and gifts.  2.1.2 Evaluate and compare career opportunities based on individual interests, skills, and educational requirements; value of work to society; income potential; and the supply and demand of the workforce, including unemployment.  2.1.3 Compare risks and rewards of entrepreneurship/self-employment.	STANDARD 2 Students will understand sources of income and the relationship between income and career preparation.  Objective 1: Identify various forms of income and analyze factors that affect income.  a. Identify sources of income (e.g., wages, investments, self-employment).  b. Compare common employee benefits (e.g., insurance, leave, retirement).  c. Compare income to the cost-of-living in various geographical areas.
SB 40 line 94	<ul> <li>2.1.4 Compare income to the cost-of-living in various geographical areas and the impact it has on purchasing power.</li> <li>2.1.5 Understand the effects of state, local, and federal taxes and voluntary deductions on income, the difference between gross and net income, and</li> </ul>	d. Analyze how economic conditions affect income.  Objective 2: Identify and understand required
SB 40 line 88	the similarities and differences between wages and income.  Objective 2.2: Understand and begin preparation for career and post high school training.  2.2.1 Recognize and explore the correlation between education and potential	<ul> <li>income withholdings.</li> <li>a. List the reasons for taxation and uses of tax revenues.</li> <li>b. Describe the purposes of Social Security</li> </ul>
SB 40 lines 71-72	lifetime income.  2.2.2 Calculate the costs of post high school training options and analyze the return on investment (ROI) based on career choices, including understanding the cost differences between public and private, and non-profit and for profit education and training.	and Medicare.  c. Calculate net income from an employee payroll record.  d. Demonstrate how to complete personal state and federal income tax forms.
SB 40 line 91	2.2.3 Identify sources of funding to assist in post high school education opportunities	<b>Objective 3:</b> Analyze criteria for selecting a career and the impact of career choices on income and
SB 40 lines 71-72	2.2.4 Understand the use and advantages of 529 plans and the benefit of planning early for paying for the cost of post-secondary education and training.	financial stability.  a. Describe the correlation between income
SB 40 lines 71-72	2.2.5 Understand the process for and benefits of FAFSA completion.	and a worker's skills, education, the value of the work to society, condition of the
SB 40 lines 71-72	2.2.6 Utilize the FAFSA 4caster to explore the FAFSA process. Seek guidance from school counselors.	economy, and the supply and demand for workers.
SB 40 line 97	2.2.7 Identify components to be included on a resume and/or electronic professional profile such as appropriate contact information; educational,	

	2.2.8	work, and volunteer experience; skills; certificates obtained; accomplishments; interests; and references.  Identify sources and strategies for and benefits of networking for finding employment whether for summer jobs or full-time career placement.  Understand basic employment forms and processes, including W-2, W-4, and I-9	<ul> <li>b. Develop career plan(s) that include educational requirements, skill development, and income potential.</li> <li>c. Analyze the costs and benefits of developing new skills for the workplace.</li> <li>d. Identify the risks and rewards of entrepreneurship/self-employment.</li> </ul>		
		ord 3—Students will evaluate saving methods and investment strategies.  ive 3.1: Describe and discuss financial institutions and demonstrate how to	STANDARD 4 Students will understand saving, investing, and		
	manag	e personal financial accounts.	retirement planning.		
SB 40 line 102	3.1.1	Explain the role of the Federal Reserve, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the national Credit Union Administration (NCUA)	Objective 1: Describe the value of saving in the financial planning process.		
SB 40 line 102	3.1.2	Compare the roles of financial institutions and their services such as banks, credit unions, investment or brokerage firms, insurance companies, loan agencies.	<ul><li>a. Identify ways to save (e.g., payroll deduction).</li><li>b. Analyze reasons to save.</li><li>c. Explain how government regulations protect</li></ul>		
SB 40 line 73, lines 86 - 87	3.1.3	Demonstrate how to manage checking/debit and saving accounts, both manually and/or electronically, including reconciliation.	savers.  Objective 2: Describe the value of investing and types of		
SB 40 line 73, lines 86 - 87	3.1.4	Describe available consumer banking technologies.	investments in the financial planning process.  a. Identify and explain types of investment vehicles (e.g., stocks, bonds, real estate, hard assets).		
	Object	ive 3.2: Discuss the dynamics of saving and investing.	b. Identify strategies for investing (e.g.,		
	3.2.1	Explain how Paying Yourself First (PYF) early and often influences positive progress towards long-term, financial goals.	diversification, dollar-cost averaging). c. Compare long-term and short-term		
	3.2.2	Identify and understand basic saving options such as savings accounts and Certificates of Deposit. Understand that savings are designed to preserve principal.	investments.  d. Explain how government regulations can protect investors.		
	3.2.3	Identify and understand investment options, including retirement planning, long and short term investments, and dividend re-investment plans. Understand that investment puts principal at risk.	e. Compare various sources of investment information (e.g., prospectuses, annual reports, financial publications, online information) and ways to buy/sell investments (e.g., full service		
SB 40 line 90	3.2.4	Identify types of long-term retirement investments, such as IRA, Roth IRA, 401(k), and 403(b)).	and discount brokers, investment advisors, online brokers).		
SB 40 lines 85, 90	3.2.5	Demonstrate the time value of money (TVM) principles by using the rule of 72 and by manipulating the five variables used in basic TVM calculations.	Objective 3: Compare savings and investments.  a. Compare the risk, return, liquidity, and costs for savings and investments.		
SB 40 line 90	3.2.7	Discuss the long term investment potential associated with the stock market focusing on fundamentals such as diversification, risk/reward, and investor behavior.	b. Explain the effects of inflation on savings and investments.		

	3.2.8 Identify and define the types of financial risks, including inflation, deflation, and recession	c. Describe the concept of the time value of money.  d. Analyze the relationship between risk and return.  e. Describe appropriate financial products for different financial goals (e.g., savings accounts, stocks).  Objective 4: Analyze financial preparation for retirement.  a. Relate financial resources needed for specific retirement activities and lifestyles.  b. Compare the characteristics of retirement plans (e.g., individual, employer-sponsored, Social Security).  c. Evaluate the role of individual responsibility in planning for retirement.	
		d. Analyze the power of compound interest and the importance of starting early in implementing a financial plan for retirement.	
SB 40 line 93	Objective 3.3: Understand the role of risk management in asset protection.  3.3.1 Discuss the purposes of insurance/risk management  3.3.2 Define common insurance options and their purposes such as automobile, health, home owner/renters, whole/term life, long-term care and disability.  3.3.3 Define terms of a basic insurance policy such as contract, limits of coverage, deductible, premium, grace period, and life time limit.  3.3.4 Discuss insurance needs at different stages of life.  3.3.5 Understand identification and designation of beneficiaries	STANDARD 3 Objective 5: Discuss the purposes of insurance and risk management.  a. Identify common types of insurance (e.g., automobile, health, homeowner's, renter's, life, long-term disability) and their terminology (e.g., term, whole life, deductible, premium, grace period).  b. Describe how insurance and other riskmanagement strategies protect against financial loss.  c. Discuss insurance needs at various life stages. d. Identify the importance of estate planning (e.g., wills, trusts).  e. Discuss the consequences of being underinsured.	
	Standard 4: Students will understand principles of personal money management, including budgeting, managing accounts, and the role of credit and impacts on personal finance.  Objective 4.1: Identify and explain the process of budgeting based on calculated income.	STANDARD 3 Students will understand principles of money management.	

SB 40 line 84	4.1.1	Develop a budget.	(
	4.1.2	Identify and prioritize fixed, variable and periodic budget categories.	
SB 40 line 90, line	4.1.3	Emphasize the importance of proactive budget priorities such as pay	
95		yourself first, emergency/opportunity fund, and charitable or other	
		voluntary contributions.	
SB 40 line 95	4.1.4	Discuss the pros and cons of charitable giving	
SB 40 line 95	4.1.5	List ways and examples of charitable giving	
SB 40 line 84	4.1.6	Compare tools for tracking of a budget and expenditures such as envelope	
		system, paper tracking, and online or software options	
	4.1.7	Emphasize the importance of comparison shopping, buying strategies,	
		negotiation, and sales and marketing strategies in purchasing.	
SB 40 line 89	4.1.8	Identify the process, rights and responsibilities relating to renting, leasing, and purchasing a home.	
	4.1.9	Identify the process, rights and responsibilities relating to renting, leasing,	
		and purchasing a vehicle.	
SB 40 lines 90 – 91	4.1.10	Understand the similarities and differences between "principal" and	
		"interest" on an amortization schedule.	
	4.1.11	Explain the purpose of co-signers and collateral when applying for a loan.	(
	Objecti	ve 4.2: Describe and discuss the impact of credit and debt on personal money	,
	manage	ement.	
	4.2.1	Discuss the purpose and role of credit and explain the value of building	
		and maintaining a healthy credit rating, including elements of	
		creditworthiness: character, capacity, capital, collateral, and conditions	,.
SB 40 lines 91 – 92	4.2.2	Explore and discuss the pros and cons of basic types of credit such as	
		secured vs. unsecured credit, credit cards, installment loans, revolving	
		credit, student loans and predatory lenders.	
SB 40 line 91	4.2.3	Describe the risks and responsibilities associated with using credit such as	
		es, finance charges, default rates, interest, and closing costs.	
	4.2.4	Understand principal and interest calculations	
SB 40 line 91	4.2.5	Calculate how long it takes to repay debt making minimum payments or	1
	installn	nent loans and revolving accounts.	
SB 40 line 91	4.2.6	Locate and use on-line calculators to determine principal and interest	
		aggregate monthly for long-term debt such as mortgages, vehicles,	
		personal loans and credit cards.	
SB 40 line 91 – 92	4.2.7	Evaluate the costs and risks of payday and predatory lending.	_
SB 40 line 99	4.2.8	Describe the personal and societal effects of bankruptcy and identify	
		circumstances that lead to bankruptcy such as uninsured medical costs,	
		family break-up, or loss of job.	L

**Objective 1:** Describe the role of planning and maintaining a balanced budget.

- a. Develop, monitor, and evaluate a personal budget.
- b. Discuss opportunity costs and trade-offs in budget implementation.
- c. Identify and discuss the social and personal consequences of not following a budget.
- d. Compare and evaluate various tools available for keeping track of budgets (e.g., envelope systems, computer programs, and paper tracking).
- e. Demonstrate knowledge of financial transactions, checking and savings accounts, and associated financial services.
- f. Demonstrate how to manage a checking account.
- g. Evaluate the impact of major purchases on budgeting (e.g., automobile, housing).

**Objective 2:** Understand credit uses and costs.

- a. Discuss the history and role of credit.
- b. List basic types of credit (e.g., credit cards, installment loans, service credit, revolving credit, student loans).
- c. Describe the risks and responsibilities associated with using credit.
- d. Identify methods of establishing and maintaining a good credit rating.
- e. Explain the purpose of co-signers and collateral when applying for a loan.
- f. Identify warning signs of credit abuse (e.g., late fees, missed payments, collection notices, bounced checks) and ways to correct credit problems.
- g. Calculate and compare costs associated with the use of credit (e.g., finance charges, interest, late fees, default rates, closing costs).
- h. Calculate how long it takes to repay debt and the total costs when a borrower makes minimum payments.

	Objective 4.3: Explain and understand credit reports and scores.	C
	4.3.1 Identify the three major credit bureaus.	
SB 40 line 73	4.3.2 Understand the legal right to a free annual credit report	
	(Annual Credit Report.com).	
SB 40 line 73	4.3.3 Evaluate and identify components of a credit report; including derogatory	
	remarks, and the warning signs of credit abuse such as late fees, missed	
	payments, collection notices and bounced checks.	
	4.3.4 Explain the potential consequences of checking account mismanagement,	
	such as non-sufficient funds (NSF) handling, overdraft processing and the role of	
	ChexSystems.	
SB 40 line 102	Objective 4.4: Define rights and responsibilities of buyers and sellers under consumer	
	protection laws	
	4.4.1 Understand financial contracts tied to consumer purchases such as cell	
	phone, cable or satellite plans and membership fees.	4
SB 40 lines 91 – 92	4.4.2 Discuss the negative impacts of predatory and pay-day lending practices.	6
		b
SB 40 line 97	4.4.3 Identify ways to avoid "identity theft" and fraud such as securing	~
	sensitive financial data, using care when participating in online	
	commerce, avoiding phishing and pharming, and properly disposing of sensitive documents.	
	4.4.4 Understand how to recover from Fraud and Identity theft	-
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SB 40 line 97	4.4.5 Discuss ways to avoid financial schemes such ponzi schemes and other	
	questionable and illegal practices.	
SB 40 line 98	4.4.6 Describe the negative consequences of gambling and playing the	
	lottery.	
	4.4.7 Identify the pros and cons of online commerce, including how to conduct	1
	transactions safely.	
	Objective 4.5: Understand the role of government in protecting the consumer	+
	Objective 4.5. Orderstand the role of government in protecting the consumer	
	4.5.1 Explain the purposes and features of consumer protection laws.	
	4.5.2 Identify federal and state entities that exist to protect consumers from	
	forms of fraud and abuse.	

**Objective 3:** Describe the impact of credit on money management.

- Compare the advantages and disadvantages of different payment methods.
- Compare the services of various types of financial institution (e.g., banks, credit unions, investment brokers, loan agencies) and identify advantages of comparison shopping before selecting financial services.
- c. Describe the relationship between a credit rating, the cost of credit, and factors that affect credit worthiness.
- d. Explain the value of credit reports and scores to borrowers and lenders.

**Objective 4:** Describe the rights and responsibilities of buyers and sellers under consumer protection laws.

- a. Explain the purposes and features of consumer protection laws, agencies, and sources of assistance.
- Describe ways to avoid "identity theft" and fraud (e.g., keep Social Security numbers secure, properly dispose of outdated documents).
- Explain the importance of understanding financial contracts (e.g., disclosure information, grace period, payment penalties, method of interest calculation).
- d. List possible actions a consumer can take in response to excessive debt and collection practices (e.g., sell assets, negotiate a repayment schedule).
- e. Describe ways to avoid financial scams and schemes designed to defraud consumers (e.g., Ponzi and pyramid schemes, affinity fraud).